

HARD FIGHT AT BLUEFIELDS

300 CASUALTIES IN A DAY—MADRIZ TROOPS AGGRESSIVE.

Move to Attack the Bluff—Estrada Hatters Troops to Defend It—Rebel Army Said to Be Hemmed In, but Holding Strong Position—The End Seems Near.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

BLUEFIELDS, May 24.—The Government forces are attacking the insurgents' position in the rear of Bluefields with an intermittent fire. Gen. Chamorro, the insurgent commander, bore the brunt of yesterday's attack. It is stated that he sustained heavy damages on the Government troops, who retired to the cover of the adjacent forts.

The insurgent fortifications are admirably constructed and well equipped. The insurgents profess confidence in their ability to repulse the troops of President Madero.

There is an unconfirmed report to the effect that the Government gunboat Venus, which is in the harbor, is landing 500 men to attack Bluefields. Gen. Estrada is making reinforcements to protect that place.

A general engagement is unlikely before Thursday.

NEW ORLEANS, May 24.—Admiral received from Bluefields at noon today declare that the Madriz troops, with an advantageous position, attacked Estrada's forces, encamped between Bowen Rains and Bluefields.

According to unbiased information it appears Madriz had the better of the battle, 500 men are said to have been killed and wounded since last night.

Dr. Delgado Lopez, who at the time of the outbreak of the revolution in Nicaragua was the Governor of the Atlantic coast, with headquarters at Bluefields, is in receipt of private advice that the Estrada army at Rama has been cut off from Bluefields and has no communication with the seat of government. This if true presages that Estrada will be defeated.

Dr. Lopez says that while the firing was going on at Rama, between the Estrada army under Gen. Mena and the Madriz forces under Gen. Vasquez, Gen. Fernandez Rivas arrived with 1,000 men and marched around the Mena army and is now on the Mena plantation directly between Estrada and Bluefields. According to Dr. Lopez this gives the Madriz Government three positions with three different armies of 1,000 each. One army is in front of Rama, another in the rear, and the third is on Dr. Lopez's plantation, seven miles from Bluefields.

"The insurgents are hemmed in on all sides," said Dr. Lopez, "and the Madriz army is on its plantation. I can assure you it is on high ground, with plenty of water, as it is the best part of the coast. The campaign plans, I am informed, have been carried out in detail and the war will not last much longer."

When Gen. Mena retreated to his headquarters at Rama, as reported by United States Consul Moffat, he was defeated, because he had to cross back to the river. The insurgents did not do this in the last battle of Rama.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Senator Stone of Missouri, Democrat, introduced a resolution in the Senate today calling for information regarding affairs in Nicaragua. The resolution was referred to the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations at the suggestion of Senator Kean of New Jersey after Senators Cullum and Lodge had objected to immediate consideration of it.

The resolution is as follows: "Resolved, That the Secretary of State be and he is hereby directed, to inform the Senate as follows:

"First—Whether during the months of April or May, 1910, the Government of Nicaragua, of which Señor Madriz is the executive head, had established, or attempted to establish, a blockade at Bluefields, Nicaragua, and whether, with a view to maintaining such blockade, said Government had stationed a gunboat in the waters adjacent to Bluefields to enforce said blockade.

"Second—Whether the naval forces of the United States forbade the maintenance, or continuance of such blockade, and ordered a gunboat of the said Nicaraguan Government stationed at Bluefields to depart from any and all efforts to maintain the blockade and to leave the port.

"Third—If such orders or orders of like import and effect were so issued by the naval forces of the United States, then to inform the Senate upon what authority said naval forces proceeded.

"Fourth—If such orders were issued on the authority or advice of the State Department, or with its approval, then to inform the Senate upon what grounds, both of law and fact, the said Department proceeded; and in this connection to furnish the Senate with all correspondence and other information in the possession of the Department which was made the basis of the departmental action.

"Fifth—Whether recognition of belligerency in Nicaragua has been accorded by the Government of any nation; and also to what extent, if any, the Government of the United States has recognized belligerent rights as between the contending forces in the Republic of Nicaragua."

The Nicaragua gunboat Venus was seized out at New Orleans several weeks ago by supporters of President Madero. Although members of the Estrada faction complained to the Department of Justice that the Venus was violating the neutrality laws of the United States, the District Attorney of New Orleans, who made an inspection of the ship, reported that there was not sufficient evidence to warrant her detention.

When the Venus appeared in the port of Bluefields she had become a full fledged war vessel. Her commander announced the intention of bombarding the town, which was held by Estrada supporters. Commander W. W. Gilmer, U. S. N., commanding the gunboat Paducah, declined to permit the bombardment of the town on the ground that foreign interests would be damaged and because there was no armed force within the town.

The Venus next held up an American steamer, the Dictator, which was entering Bluefields, and took off a bag of mail. Commander Gilmer demanded and obtained the return of the mail pouch. Shortly after the Venus gave up the blockade and sailed away. Press reports from Bluefields reported that Commander Gilmer ordered her away. Officers of the State and Navy departments, however, say that Commander Gilmer was not ordered to drive the Venus out of the harbor of Bluefields.

France Calling In Torpedo Boats.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, May 24.—The Minister of Marine has decided to abolish two torpedo flotillas in the far East.

Duffy's Sparkling Apple Juice

A contribution from the orchard to the shrine of health. Exhilarating. Non-alcoholic.

SEIZE ROGUS NUN'S PAPERS.

Sister Candide Wouldn't Go With the Police to Her Alleged Charity.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, May 24.—Sister Candide, who is under arrest for swindling, refused today to accompany the chief of the criminal department of the police to the headquarters of the Ormeson foundation, the charity of which she was the head.

The police, however, searched the place and found voluminous correspondence, which was officially sealed and handed to the examining magistrate.

The funeral of Dr. Petit, whose suicide led to Sister Candide's arrest, was attended by a large number of sympathizers.

FAR BIGGER THAN MAURITANIA

Cunard Company New Plans a 30,000 Ton Ship With 22 Knot Speed.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LIVERPOOL, May 24.—It is reported that the Cunard Steamship Company is contemplating the construction of a new steamship of 30,000 gross tonnage, with a speed of 22 knots an hour.

The Mauritania, the big turbine of the same company, has a displacement of 22,500 tons and a speed of 26 knots.

EARL OF STAMFORD DIES.

A Native of Newfoundland and a Colonial Descendant of Lady Jane Grey.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, May 24.—William Grey, Earl of Stamford, died today.

William Grey was the ninth Earl of Stamford. He was formerly professor of classics and philosophy in Cordington College, Barbados. He was the only native of Newfoundland who was a member of the House of Lords.

He was born in St. John's, April 18, 1850, the son of the Rev. William Grey and Harriet daughter of the Rev. Francis Henry White. He was a nephew of the eighth Earl of Stamford and succeeded to the title in 1903, being adjudged rightful Earl in 1902. He was educated at Bradford and at Exeter College, Oxford, receiving first class moderations (classics) and second class final classics.

He became professor of classics in Cordington College, Barbados, in 1878, and held the chair until 1883. He was vice-president of the Sanitary Institute, the Royal Free Hospital, the Bible Society, the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, the Additional Curates Society and the Church Building Society, and formerly was chairman of the Charity Organization Society. As representative of the Guardians of the Westminster Union he was a member of the Metropolitan Asylums Board from 1901 to 1904, and was a member of the council of the Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund, of the Queen Victoria Hospital, and of the Colonial Bazaar. He also was a governor of the Charterhouse.

The Earl was married in 1895 to Elizabeth Louisa Penelope, third daughter of the Rev. Charles Theobald, rector of Lasham, Hants. One son, Roger, Lord Grey of Groby, survives him. He was born in 1896. There is also one daughter, Lady Jane Grey, born in 1899.

In politics the Earl of Stamford was a Liberal Unionist and a free trader. His homes were Dunham Massey Hall, Altrincham, and Llandaff House, Weybridge. His club was the Athenaeum.

His grandson, Lord John Grey, and only nephew of the Marquis of Dorset and Duke of Suffolk, who was the father of the ill-starred Lady Jane Grey, and who, like his daughter and her husband, was a member of the House of Commons, was killed in the battle of the Marston, where he was killed by the Marquis of Dorset and Duke of Suffolk, who was the father of the ill-starred Lady Jane Grey, and who, like his daughter and her husband, was a member of the House of Commons.

Japanese Color Prints Sell Cheap.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, May 24.—At the second day's sale of the Japanese color prints of Frederick W. Niles, Gookin of Chicago at Sotheby's 131 lots brought \$1,425.

The highest lot sold fetched \$1,067. Two star lots brought only \$50 each.

The Weather.

May 25.—The storm which was central over Indiana on Monday divided yesterday and had centers over Lake Superior and Tennessee. The area of depression covered nearly all the country east of the Mississippi Valley. Rain fell in the Lake regions and southward to the Gulf States.

The pressure was high between the Mississippi Valley and the Rocky Mountains and low to the westward, but over the West the weather was generally fair.

Higher temperatures prevailed in the lower St. Lawrence Valley, New England and eastern New York and south on the coast to Virginia. It was warmer also in the upper Lake regions, the upper Mississippi valley, Idaho and the north Pacific States.

In the lower Lake regions, Ohio, western Pennsylvania, New York, eastern Montana, the Dakotas and Nebraska, it was cooler. The temperatures between the Rocky Mountains and the Mississippi River were, for the most part, below the seasonal average.

In this city it was cloudy in the morning, clearing before noon; rain at night; warmer; wind, from southwest; average humidity, 76 per cent. "barometer, corrected to sea level, at 6 A. M., 30.05; 3 P. M., 29.90.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

For eastern New York, showers to-day; cooler in eastern part; partly cloudy to-morrow; moderate southerly to west winds.

For New England, showers to-day; cooler in northeast and extreme southeast parts; partly cloudy to-morrow; moderate southerly to west winds.

For western Pennsylvania, showers to-day; cooler in southwest part; partly cloudy to-morrow; moderate southerly to west winds.

For Delaware, showers to-day; partly cloudy to-morrow; moderate winds; mostly southwest to west.

For the District of Columbia and Maryland, showers to-day; mostly cloudy to-morrow; light to moderate variable winds, becoming westerly.

For western New York, showers to-day; fair to-morrow; light to moderate westerly winds.

For western Pennsylvania, showers to-day; fair to-morrow; light to moderate southerly winds.

ROMANTIC ROOSEVELT VISIT

COLONEL AND WIFE AT CHURCH WHERE THEY WERE WED.

Took Kermit and Ethel With Them to St. George's, Hanover Square, but Could Not See the Registry—Long Talk With Queen Mother a Special Compliment.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, May 24.—Rather more than twenty-three years ago Col. Roosevelt entered St. George's in Hanover Square and was married. Mr. Maizey, the clerk of St. George's, was surprised some days afterward to learn that the gentleman who wore the derby hat and was married in the morning was Theodore Roosevelt, a young New Yorker just coming into prominence.

This afternoon Col. Roosevelt, with Mrs. Roosevelt, their son Kermit and their daughter Ethel, paid a surprise visit to St. George's between 4 and 5 o'clock. They found the church empty save for the clerk's assistant, Mr. Maizey. He is still the clerk, but he happened to be away making arrangements for a church and school treat.

Col. Roosevelt did not betray his identity. He even partially disguised himself by not wearing his glasses. He asked the assistant clerk if he could see the register, but in the absence of Mr. Maizey this could not be permitted. The Colonel looked around the church and then he and his family departed.

Shortly afterward the rector arrived. The church people had been expecting that the Colonel would come to see the much inspected page on which his marriage was registered.

Col. Roosevelt began the day by visiting the British Museum, accompanied by Seth Bullock, J. Cunningham and F. C. Selous. The curator of the museum showed them specimens of African fauna.

Then by special command the Colonel visited the Queen Mother Alexandra at Buckingham Palace. He remained in conversation with her for an hour. He also saw the Dowager Empress Marie of Russia.

The Colonel took luncheon at the home of Col. Arthur Lee, the former Military Attaché of the British Embassy at Washington. The guests included George Earle Buckle, editor of the Times; Owen Seaman, editor of Punch; Sir Arthur Conan Doyle and Leo Massey, editor of the National Review, a strong Tory anti-German organ.

Later the Rev. and Hon. Edward Lytton, head master of Eton, called and had a talk with the Colonel, who dined in private to-night, according to his official programme.

The audience with Queen Alexandra was intended as a special compliment. Since the funeral of her husband the Queen Mother has expressed a desire to show some mark of her appreciation of the sympathy shown toward her by the United States, Canada and Australia. It was in accordance with this wish that she received to-day Col. Roosevelt, the special ambassador of the United States; Lord Strathcona, the venerable Canadian High Commissioner; and Sir George Reid, the Australian representative.

She chatted at considerable length with each of these visitors. Col. Roosevelt was the first one received.

ROOSEVELT RECEPTION BADGES.

Designs Accepted—Arrangements for Invitations to Pier A.

The Roosevelt reception committee decided yesterday to invite 200 distinguished guests to be present on the stand, Pier A, Battery Park, when Mayor Gaynor officially welcomes former President Roosevelt on June 18. In order to accommodate this number the stand will be enlarged. The committee will also invite 2,500 guests to occupy places in the enclosure adjoining the stand. Many United States Senators and Representatives, Mayors of several cities and members of the Diplomatic Corps at Washington have accepted their invitation of being present. It is also expected that the Cabinet will be well represented.

The badges to be worn by the Roosevelt reception committee, the Rough Riders and the organizations which will line Fifth avenue, Canada and Australia. All will bear on one side the profile of the former President with his name beneath. In this respect they will be similar. The medals to be worn by the members of the committee will be of silver, French gray and hand burnished. They will have a blue and white ribbon, these being the city and State colors and the bar will show the coat of arms of the city of New York. The Rough Riders' badge will be of white metal with a silver finish and have a ribbon of cavalry yellow. On the bar will be the American eagle and the name of the association. The badge for the organizations and clubs will be of chocolate bronze with a red, white and blue ribbon and the date on the bar. A single gold medal will be struck for Col. Roosevelt and presented to him.

Mrs. Donald McLean, president of the Daughters of the American Revolution, in behalf of the organization has called Mrs. Roosevelt inviting her to a luncheon at Sherry's during the land parade. If Mrs. Roosevelt accepts she will see the parade from the windows of the restaurant.

CORDIAL TO AMERICAN OPERA.

French Foreign Minister Hears Veto-poll at Co. and Compliments Manager.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, May 24.—M. Pichon, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, who returned from London yesterday afternoon, occupied a box at the Châtelet Théâtre last night at the performance of the Metropolitan Opera Company. After the performance M. Pichon called General Manager Gatti-Casazza to the stage and congratulated him on the success of the company's season here. He assured the manager of a continued hearty reception and of appreciation in France of American enterprise.

FALLIERES ISN'T ILL.

President of France Will Open a Flower Show and See King Manuel To-day.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, May 24.—President Fallières, despite rumors to the contrary, is in the best of health. He will come to Paris to-morrow from Rambouillet to inaugurate the flower show.

He will give a luncheon to the Chinese mission and receive King Manuel of Portugal, who is returning to Lisbon from the funeral of King Edward.

COREAN ANNEXATION TALK.

Japanese Ambassador and Ivolsky Confer—Powers Will Be Notified.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 24.—The Japanese Ambassador to-day held a lengthy conference with M. Ivolsky, Minister of Foreign Affairs, regarding the Japanese annexation of Corea.

A definite understanding was reached and the Powers will be formally notified thereof.

HEADS OFF.

Three French Murderers Guillotined Yesterday—Courts Very Severe.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, May 24.—Three men were guillotined to-day in France and Algeria. Huge mobs witnessed the executions, and as each head was held aloft it was greeted with cheers.

The French magistrates, apparently giving heed to the nothing press comments respecting their failure to apply the laws strictly, are now meeting out drastic punishment to a long string of assassins. Another decapitation will take place on Friday.

The two soldiers who murdered Mme. Goulin find the court which is trying them displaying great severity. The court is also displaying similar severity to other classes of criminals. Forgers and even bankrupts are not being dealt with as leniently as heretofore, considerably to their surprise.

The case of Ferdinand Duez, formerly a liquidator of property of the religious congregations under the separation act, came up for a hearing to-day. He was informed that further charges would be made against him. Experts now declare that he committed swindles to the amount of \$300,000 in the sale of congregation properties. At the same time they think he laid aside securities to a similar amount.

PEARY, L. D.

University of Edinburgh Confers a Real Title on the Arctic Discoverer.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

EDINBURGH, May 24.—The University of Edinburgh conferred the degree of LL. D. to-day on Commander Robert E. Peary, the discoverer of the north pole.

Prof. Ludovic J. Grant, regius professor of public law and dean of the faculty, in presenting the degree eulogized the work of the explorer, declaring that he was assured of enduring fame in the latter day roll of honor. Peary had solved, said the dean, great problems which had vastly contributed to the extension and enrichment of scientific knowledge.

Commander Peary in his reply thanked those present for the honor conferred upon him. The company then cheered the discoverer and his wife, son and daughter, who accompanied him.

KING EDWARD'S RACE STABLE.

Requested to King George, It Will Be Leased—Mourning Shortened.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, May 24.—It is officially announced that King Edward bequeathed his racing and breeding studs to King George, who will carry them on as heretofore. There are twenty-five horses training in the royal stable at Newmarket, and most of them when King Edward died were fully engaged until 1912. His death automatically voided their engagements.

It is believed that King George will follow his father's example after Queen Victoria's death and lease his horses to some patriotic member of the turf until he makes his own debut as an owner.

With a view to minimizing loss to traders, King George has ordered that public mourning end on June 30 instead of July 29.

ALDERCORN—BANCROFT.

American Girl Married in London—Diplomatic Breakfast.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, May 24.—Capt. R. L. Aldercorn of the Cameron Highlanders and Miss Heaster Bancroft, daughter of the late John Chandler Bancroft of Boston, were married at St. Margaret's, Westminster, this afternoon. There was a distinguished company in the church, including Admiral Beaumont and Lady May, Monson and Napier and the Countess Mettrie. Mr. Phillips, the First Secretary of the American Embassy, gave a wedding breakfast in honor of the couple.

HISSES IN MEDICAL SCHOOL.

But Prof. Landouzy Still Smiled at Obstreperous Paris Students.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, May 24.—The trouble among the medical students continues. Police and troops were stationed around the buildings of the Faculty of Medicine to-day to eject any students who became too demonstrative.

When Prof. Landouzy arose from his chair to lecture he was greeted with hisses. He maintained an indifferent look and even smiled.

POSTER ARTISTS FLARE UP.

Foreigners Are Pirating Their Designs, They Loudly Protest.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, May 24.—The French poster designers are protesting against what they term the impudent imitations of their work that are published abroad.

Designer Ibel calls attention to a design by Chert, representing a masked woman seated and holding a fan, and a design used by a New York Sunday newspaper representing a woman holding a book as two sample cases of foreign pirating.

BANQUET FOR ARGENTINIANS.

French Foreign Minister Celebrates Independence Centenary.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, May 24.—The Franco-American committee gave a brilliant banquet and reception to-night in honor of the chiefs of the Argentine mission on the occasion of the centenary of Argentine's independence.

Among those present were Foreign Minister Pichon, Minister of Commerce Dupuy, Minister of the Colonies Trouillot and American Ambassador Bacon.

CARNEGIE PRAISES TAFT.

Calls Him the Leader of a Holy Crusade—Anglo-American Peace Movement.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, May 24.—At the annual meeting of the Peace Society to-day Andrew Carnegie said that President Taft's recent address to the Peace Arbitration Society in New York made him among rulers the leader of a holy crusade against man killing man.

Mr. Carnegie again advocated united Anglo-American action toward a worldwide peace movement.

Peaceful After the Duel.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, May 24.—Count Ismael de Lesseps, who was wounded yesterday in a duel with Count de Poligny, passed a peaceful day.

Russian Archives Burned.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 24.—A building containing a number of State archives has been destroyed by what was probably an incendiary fire.

FAVORS A MIDBLOCK AVENUE

BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH, COST, SOME \$30,000,000.

Mayor Gaynor Says the Abutting Property Should Pay for It—It Would Destroy Clubhouses, Theatres and Hotels and Give Broadway a New Face.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Mayor Gaynor is inclined to regard favorably the suggestions which have been made frequently that the city require a new longitudinal avenue to meet traffic conditions and that this new thoroughfare should be built between Fifth and Sixth avenues from Fourteenth street to Fifty-ninth. The Mayor said yesterday that while he thought such an improvement would be a benefit to the city it was not his purpose to push it until the public had had an opportunity to express its opinion.

The cost would be about \$30,000,000, and it is Mr. Gaynor's idea that this outlay should be borne by the abutting property. Other Mayors have had similar ideas when street openings were authorized, but it has usually happened that after the improvement was decided upon by the city on that basis the property owners to be assessed have gone to Albany and got a little bill through spreading the cost of the improvement over a wide area and sometimes over the whole city.

Mr. Gaynor will within a day or two ask the commission which he has appointed to deal with congestion to consider the advisability of laying out a new avenue for the purpose of relieving the traffic on Fifth avenue, which is becoming more congested every year. The new thoroughfare would be a little more than two miles long, and it is the opinion of the Mayor that it should be 100 feet wide. It can be stated that the Mayor would not consent to the improvement unless he could be certain that the cost would be paid by the adjoining property. He says that the cost would come back many times over to the land owners because of the increase in value of their properties.

The laying out of such a thoroughfare would mean the wiping out among other buildings of the Racquet and Tennis Club, the Yale Club, New York Yacht Club, the Catholic Club, the homes of Henry W. Taft, brother of the President, in Forty-eighth street, and of Henry C. Lewis in Forty-first street, Wallack's Theatre, the Gilesey House, Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre, the United Engineering Building in Forty-fourth street, constructed with money contributed by Andrew Carnegie, the West Presbyterian Church in Forty-second street, and the building of the Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen in Forty-fourth street. The street would also shave off part of the Plaza Hotel and would pass within fifty feet of John D. Rockefeller's house in Fifty-fourth street.

MAY HAVE BEEN DYNAMITE.

Suspected That Boilers Did Not Cause Week of Tinplate Plant.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

CLEVELAND, May 24.—The secret service department of the United States Steel Corporation is seeking a solution of the mystery of the fatal explosion of the boilers in the plant of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company in Canton a week ago in the possibility that dynamite had been placed in the coal.

One of the detectives employed by the corporation let it be known the day after the explosion, in which thirteen men were killed and two scores more were seriously injured, that dynamite had been found in the coal bunkers from which the boilers had been fed.

"The detective told me dynamite exploded had been found in the coal bunkers," said a Youngstown man to-night. "He added that the force was working on that theory and had some hope of forcing some one to tell who put the dynamite in the coal. He expressed the opinion that the dynamite caused the explosion."

"TIN HORSES AND CARTS."

Queens Residents Expect Graft Probe to Bring Up Facts About Them.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

Residents of Queens borough are interested in the statement that Commissioner of Accounts Fodick is preparing to make an investigation into the Highway Department of that borough. For graft opportunities this department is said to have been as rich as the sewer department.

It is charged that throughout almost every administration a procession of what are known in Queens as "tin horses and carts" was carried on the payrolls for favored politicians. This phantom array of horses and carts was a good money maker to the reputed owners whose names appeared on the payrolls, and people in Queens who have suffered from the dilapidated conditions of the highways have always been interested in knowing the identity of the men thus favored.

The giving away of public highways and the manner in which private war companies obtained contracts are also said to be on the list for probing.

NEW SNUG HARBOR CHAPEL.

Memorial to the Late Dr. Dix Dedicated by Trinity Rectory.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

At Sailor's Snug Harbor, Staten Island, yesterday afternoon a new chapel was dedicated for the use of the inmates of the hospital. The ceremonies were conducted by the Rev. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Tamblin, chaplain of the Rev. Mr. Sloan, chaplain emeritus. At the close of the ceremonies a J. Edward Simms, president of the board of trustees, formally declared the chapel to be opened.

The new chapel is in the hospital building itself, one of its larger rooms having been converted for this purpose. It will be known as a memorial to the late